है कि अक्तूबर/दिसम्बर, 1987 की तिमाही की पत्रिका के अद्यतन अंक में प्रिन्ट लाइन मे वह सूचना नहीं है जो भारत के समाचारपत्रों के पंजीयक के कार्यालय में रखी गई है । यह विसंगति केन्द्रीय जल आयोग द्वारा मुद्रक और प्रकाशक को बदलने के लिए नई घोषणा दायर न किए जाने के हकारण हुई हैं । भारत के समाचारपत्रों के पंजीयक के कार्यालय द्वारा इस विसंगति का उपयुक्त कार्रवाई हेतु केन्द्रीय जल आयोग के ध्यान में ला दिया गया है ।

(ग) जब भी इस प्रकार की कोई विसंगति ध्यान में आती है, उस पर कानून के अंतर्गत उपयुक्त कार्रवाई की जाती है ।

Observance of Direcions regarding Safety in Chemicals Producing Factories

3242. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) what action has been taken by the management of Sri Ram Food and Fertilizers Ltd. on the directions of Delhi Administration/Supreme Court of India to ensure safety;

(b) whether other factories which produce hazardous chemicals, have also been directed to take similar action;

(c) if so, what are the names of those factories;

(d) what are the details of action taken by them; and

(e) what action is proposed against the undertaking which are defying the guidelines/directions or orders?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI JAGDISH TYTLER): (a) to (e) An Expert Committee appointed by the Delhi Administration in May 1985 submitted its report pertaining to the caustic-chlorine Plant of M/s. Sri Ram Food and Fertilizers Industries (SFFI) in September, 1985. The Delhi Administration directed the management of M/s. SFFI to comply with the recommendations of the Expert Committee. An order under Section 40(2) of the Factories Act, 1948, prohibiting use of the plant until adequate safety measures were adopted, was issued by Delhi Administration on the 7th December, 1985. In the meantime a civil writ petition had been filed in the Supreme Court by an advocate seeking, *inter-alia*, directions for shifting of the factory from its present location. The Supreme Court in its judgements dated the 17th February, 1986 and the 10th March, 1986, ordered restarting of the plant subject to fulfilment of certain conditions. These conditions have been complied with by the management in so far as it related to them. As per the directions of the Supreme Court the plant in inspected by the officers of the Inspectorate of Factories of the Labour Department, Delhi Administration every week after it restarted working on 29th April, 1986. The management of M/s. Shriram Food & Fertilizer Industries have not so far restarted the sulphuric acid and its other acid-based plants.

No study specifically with reference to other factories which produce hazardous or lethal chemicals has been conducted by the Delhi Administration. However, the factories engaged in operations or manufacturing processes declared dangerous under the Factories Act, 1948, are inspected by the Factory Inspectorate of the Delhi Administration with a view to checking compliance with safety provisions by the managements of these factories. During the years 1985 and 1986, 105 such factories were inspected and legal action against the management of 80 factories for non-compliance with safety provisions was taken.

दिल्ली के समाचार पत्रों द्वारा पालेकर पंचाट को लागू न किया जाना

3243. **डा० रत्नाकर पाण्डेय :** क्या श्रम मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) दिल्ली में किन समाचार पत्रों ने पालेकर पंचाट को अभी तक पूरी तरह से लागू नहीं किया है ;